



Email: spcbsikkim@gmail.com

STATE POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD

DEPARTMENT OF FOREST & ENVIRONMENT
GOVERNMENT OF SIKKIM

DEORALI - 737102

F. No. 1026/SPCB/ 101 & 102

Dated: 20/4/2021

To,

The Executive Director (Technical),
National Mission for Clean Ganga,
Department of Water Resources,
River Development & Ganga Rejuvenation
Ministry of Jal Shakti,
Major Dhayan Chand National Stadium,
India Gate, New Delhi-110002.

Sub: Monthly Progress Report for the Month of March, 2021 as per the direction of Hon'ble NGT in the matter of O.A No. 673/2018 dated 06/12/2019.

Sir,

I have been directed to forward herewith monthly progress report for the month of March, 2021 with respect to the state of Sikkim as per the above cited subject.

Submitted for your kind information and onward process please.

Thanking you

Yours faithfully,

(B.K. Chettri)

Chief Scientific Officer
State Pollution Control Board-Sikkim
Forest & Env. Deptt.

Copy to:

1. Shri A Sudhakar, DH, WQM-I Division, CPCB, MoEF&CC, Parivesh Bhawan East Arjun Nagar Delhi for kind information please.



National Mission for Clean Ganga
Format for submission of Monthly Progress Report in the NGT Matter OA
No. 673 of 2018 (in compliance to NGT order dated 24.09.2020)
For the State of Sikkim
Month – March, 2021.

Overall status of the State:

- I. **Total Population:** a) Urban Population - 153,578 (Census of India, 2011)
1.74 lakhs (UIDAI data, May, 2020)
b) Rural Population - 456,999 (Census of India, 2011)
5.16 lakhs (UIDAI data, May, 2020)

II. Estimated Sewage Generation (MLD):

- a) Urban – 18.79 MLD (assuming LPCD water supply. Information provided by PHE Dept., Govt. of Sikkim)
b) Rural – 28.89 MLD (assuming LPCD water supply. Information provided by PHE Dept., Govt. of Sikkim)

III. Details of Sewage Treatment Plant:

- a) Existing no. of STPs and Treatment Capacity (in MLD):

Sl. No.	Town/Location	Capacity (MLD)
1.	Gangtok Zone I, Adampool	8.0
2.	Gangtok Zone I, Adampool	4.69
3.	Gangtok Zone I, Ranipool	1.27
4.	Gangtok Zone IV, Lower Sichey	3.90
5.	Singtam	0.66
6.	Melli	0.50
7.	SMIT, Majhitar (private facility)	0.48
8.	Rangpo	1.40

9.	Gangtok Zone II, Lower Syari	1.60
----	------------------------------	------

- b) **Capacity Utilization of existing STPs:** 54.375 % (information provided by PHE Dept., Govt. of Sikkim)- update awaited from the department.
- c) **MLD of sewage being treated through Alternate technology:** Nil
- d) **Gap in Treatment Capacity in MLD:** 26.07 (including rural areas). However most household do have individual septic tank connectivity to ensure untreated sewage is not discharged into the open.
- e) **No. of Operational STPs:** 9
- f) **No. of Complying STPs:** 9
- g) **No. of Non-complying STPs:** nil

Details of each existing STP in the State

Sl. No.	Location	Existing STP Capacity MLD	Capacity Being Utilized (%)	Operational Status of STP	Compliance Status of STP
1.	Gangtok Zone I, Adampool	8.0	100	Operational	Compliant
2.	Gangtok Zone I, Adampool	4.69	85	Operational	Compliant
3.	Gangtok Zone I, Ranipool	1.27	85	Operational	Compliant
4.	Gangtok Zone IV, Lower Sichey	3.90	85	Operational	Compliant
5.	Singtam	0.66	80	Operational	Compliant

6.	Melli	0.50	80	Operational	Compliant
7.	SMIT, Majhitar (private facility)	0.48	70	Operational	Compliant
8.	Rangpo	1.40	NA	Retrofitting completed and ready to receive load	Compliant
9.	Gangtok Zone II, Lower Syari	1.60	NA	Ready to receive load	Compliant

Note: Expression of Interest for installation of OCEMS in all STPs as per the directions of the CPCB was called for. The same has been forwarded to Finance, Revenue & Expenditure Department, Government of Sikkim for approval.

Details of under construction STPs in the State

Sl. No.	Location	Capacity of the plant in MLD	Physical Progress in %	Status of I&D or House sewer connections	Completion Timeline
1.	Gangtok Zone III, Tathangchen	3.25	7.0	Under construction	December 2022

Details of proposed STPs in the State

Sl. No.	Location	Capacity of the STP proposed in MLD	Status of Project (at DPR Stage/ Under Tendering/ Work to be Awarded)	Likely Date of Completion
1.	Namchi	3.63	Joint Inspection conducted.	December 2022
2.	Jorethang	1.70	Process initiated for land diversion under FCA, Forest & Environment Department	December 2022

3.	Geyzing	1.80	Preparation of DPR	2028
4.	Rabong	1.50	Survey & investigation	2028
5.	Soreng	1.0	Survey & investigation	2028
6.	Mangan	0.98	Survey & investigation	2027
7.	Chungthang	0.72	DPR submitted to Ministry for funding	2026

IV. Details of Industrial Pollution:

- **No. of industries in the State:** 704 which includes manufacturing, service industries, DG sets as per the Classification of Industries prepared via CPCB direction vide B29012/ESS (CPA)/2015-16 dated 07/03/2016 (OCMMS data, SPCB-Sikkim , October 2020)
- **No. of water polluting industries in the State:** 63
- **Quantity of effluent generated from the industries in MLD:** 1.926 MLD
- **Quantity of Hazardous Sludge generated from the Industries in TPD:** 4.71 (2019-20 inventory)- incinerable only.
- **Number of industrial units having ETPs:** 63
- **Number of industrial units connected to CETPs:** nil
- **Number and total capacity of ETPs (details of existing/ under construction / proposed)**
 - a) Total no. – 63
 - b) Capacity - 3.385 MLD
 - c) Under construction/proposed - nil
- **Compliance status of the ETPs:** compliant
- **Number and total capacity of CETPs (details of existing/ under construction / proposed) - nil**

- **Status of compliance and operation of the CETPs**

Town	No. of industries	Industrial discharge	Status of ETPs	Status of CETPs (existing, under construction & proposed)
No CETPs has been established in the state of Sikkim.				

V. **Solid Waste Management:**

- **Total number of Urban Local Bodies and their Population: 7 nos.**

Population - 153,578 (Census of India, 2011)

1.74 lakhs (UIDAI data, May, 2020)

- **Current Municipal Solid Waste Generation : 77.0 TPD (approx. as provided by UDD)**
- **Number, installed capacity and utilization of existing MSW processing facilities in TPD (bifurcated by type of processing eg- Waste to Energy (Tonnage and Power Output), Compost Plants (Windrow, Vermi, decentralized pit composting), biomethanation, MRF etc:**
 - a) 50 TPD capacity compost plant installed at Martam Landfill
 - b) Organic Waste Converter at Lall Bazar Vegetable Market- 1 ton per day capacity
 - c) 25 kg capacity Organic Waste Converter installed at Vegetable Market, Manganagar Panchayat
- **Action plan to bridge gap between Installed Capacity and Current Utilization of processing facilities (if Gap > 20%) –**
 - a) Selection of RDF firm under progress;
 - b) Phasing out of Poly propylene bags;
 - c) Proposal for installation of Paper recycling facility under process;
 - d) 30% of the waste comprising of glass bottles, PET bottles, card boards, plastic bags & iron scraps are being processed for recycling.
 - e) Proposal for waste processing facility for North District is being reviewed by SEIAA.

f) Appeal on proper deposition has been published in local newspapers and setting up of separate collection bins for domestic Hazardous waste in Gangtok Municipal Area completed.

- **No. and capacity of C&D waste processing plants in TPD (existing, proposed and under construction) – nil.** State Action plan for C&D waste under process for approval.
- **Total no. of wards, no. of wards having door to door collection service, no. of wards practicing segregation at source –**
 - a. Door to Door :53 wards (100%)
 - b. Source segregation:50 wards (94.33%)
- **Details of MSW treatment facilities proposed and under construction (no., capacity, and technology) – Nil.**
- **No. and area (in acres) of uncontrolled garbage dumpsites and Sanitary Landfills - Nil**
- **No. and area (in acres) of legacy waste within 1km buffer of both side of the rivers –** selection of firm for bio-mining is under way
- **No. of drains falling into rivers and no. of drains having floating racks/screens installed to prevent solid waste from falling into the rivers – 11 in Gangtok.** Wire mesh installed in all the 11 drains.

Status of ULB wise Management of Solid Waste (as per SPCB-Sikkim annual report 2019-

20)

ULB	Total MSW generation in TPD	Total MSW being processed in TPD*	Existing MSW facilities	Utilization Capacity of the existing MSW facilities	Proposed MSW Facilities & Completion Timeline
Gangtok Municipal Corporation	50	11	1 (common for Singtam and Rangpo as well)	Information awaited	Nil

Geyzing Municipal Council	3.5	Nil	1 (common for Namchi & Nayabazar- Jorethang)	Information awaited	Nil
Mangan Nagar Panchayat	0.6	0.06	1	Information awaited	1 – EIA under process
Namchi Municipal Council	4.60	Nil	1	Information awaited	Nil
Rangpo Nagar Panchayat	10	Nil	1	Information awaited	Nil
Singtam Nagar Panchayat	2.5	Nil	1	Information awaited	Nil
Nayabazar- Jorethang Municipal Council	3.5	1.5	1	Information awaited	Nil

*Note: With regard to the total MSW processed, the figure denotes the waste processed in compost plants only. Recyclable waste such as plastic, glass, paper, aluminum foil are channelized to recyclers, E-waste collected are also channelized to appropriate facilities.

In rural area 12 community compost pits have been constructed out of 32 blocks

VI. Bio-medical Waste Management:

- **Total Bio-medical generation:** 482.651 kg/day (2019-20 annual report)
- **No. of Hospitals and Health Care Facilities:** 287
- **Status of Treatment Facility/ CBMWTF:** captive treatment in all facilities.

VII. Hazardous Waste Management:

- **Total Hazardous Waste generation:** 1722.42 TPA (2019-20 annual report)
- **No. of Industries generating Hazardous waste:** 49
- **Treatment Capacity of all TSDFs:** There are no TSDF in the state. All HW generated in the state is transported to Haldia, West Bengal for disposal. The SPCB-sikkim has also granted permission to cement plants in Assam and Meghalaya for co-processing of HW generated in the state from August, 2020.
- **Avg. Quantity of Hazardous waste reaching the TSDFs and Treated** – 1570.36 MT transported to Haldia for treatment & disposal in the year 2019-20. 272.515 MT of HW is denoted as storage at the end of the year.
- **Details of on-going or proposed TSDF:** The Department of Commerce & Industry, Government of Sikkim has released 90% of the cost for acquisition of land selected for CHWTSDF.

VIII. Plastic Waste Management:

- **Total Plastic Waste generation:** 5.87 tonnes per month
- **Treatment/ Measures adopted for reduction or management of plastic waste:**
 - a) Fine mechanism is notified under state bye-laws and The Sikkim Non-Biodegradable Garbage (Control) Act, 1991. Also notification no. 344 dated:13.08.2019 has been notified for ban on sale and use of plastic having less than 50 micron thickness and single use plastic.
 - b) In addition, no application has been received by the SPCB-Sikkim till date for establishment of manufacturer of plastic bags.
 - c) NOC has been granted to NGOs to collect domestic plastic waste and channelize to appropriate recyclers.
 - d) Bins have been installed in the collection vehicles for separated collection of recyclable plastic by registered scrap collectors.
 - e) Utilization of Plastic for road construction project has been initiated by NHIDCL in Rorathang area, East Sikkim.
 - f) SPCB-Sikkim is in receipt of application from seven brand owners for setting up collection facility in coordination with ULBs

IX. Details of Alternate Treatment Technology being adopted by the State/UT: none

X. Identification of polluting sources including drains contributing to river pollution and action as per NGT order on insitu treatment:

Inventorisation of non point sources such as Hotels & Commercial establishments under the directions of the Hon'ble NGT in the matter of O.A. 400/2017 Westland Green Farms Vs. Union of India& Ors which was taken up by SPCB has been completed. The inventory has been submitted to CPCB. The data submitted was for establishments that were open and operating during lockdown. The monitoring is being carried out for remaining enterprises even though the case has been disposed off by the Tribunal. Respective licensing authorities have also been informed.

XI. Details of Nodal Officer appointed by Chief Secretary in the State/UT:

Ms. Kusum Gurung, SFS,

Joint Director cum Nodal Officer

SPCB-Sikkim & Environmental Monitoring Cell (Office of the Chief Secretary)

XII. Details of meetings carried under the Chairmanship of Chief Secretary in the State/UT: review meeting held before the 9th CMC Meeting.

XIII. Latest water quality of polluted river, its tributaries, drains with flow details and ground water quality in the catchment of polluted river:

National Water Monitoring Programme data for March, 2021

Sl. No.	Parameters	River/Station Code			
		Chungthang-Teesta (1801)	Maneykhola (1803)	Ranichu (1806)	Rangit-Triveni (2034,2035,2036,2037,2038) - Average
1.	pH	7.0	7.0	6.5	6.7
2.	Conductivity μmhos/cm	265	200	180	186
3.	NO₃-N mg/l	1.0	1.5	1.4	1.26
4.	D.O. mg/l	10.2	9.5	7.9	8.18
5.	B.O.D. mg/l	1.1	1.2	2.0	2.04

6.	T. Coliform MPN/100ml	150	120	180	105
7.	F. Coliform MPN/100ml	60	50	75	45

Currently no bore well or ground water abstraction is practiced in any of the catchment area of the polluted river stretches.

XIV. Ground water regulation:

Utilization of ground water for domestic purposes is not practiced in the state. All industries that are abstracting ground water have been granted permission by Central Ground Water Authority. No new application for borewell has been received from any industrial unit.

XV. Good irrigation practices being adopted by the State:

Utilization of ground water for agricultural purposes is not practiced in the state. Dhara Vikas or spring shed development under the Rural Development Department programme has been focusing on the dry areas for effective use of rain water. Water Resource Department is executing 156 Nos. of Surface Minor Irrigation (SMI) Schemes under PMKSY (AIBP) in the State of Sikkim, sanctioned under the Ministry of Water Resources, Ganga Rejuvenation and River Development Government of India as per the information provided by Water Resources Department, Government of Sikkim.

XVI. Rain Water Harvesting:

The NOC issued by CGWA for abstraction of ground water includes condition for installation of rain water harvesting system by the industrial units. The land survey have been conducted by CGWA officials but the installation of said system is underway for all industries. In the matter of O.A. No. 325/2015 Lt. Col. Sarvadaman Singh Oberoi Vs. UOI, the Rural Development Department has carried out the following activities:

1. Construction of 1489 water harvesting tanks of capacity 40 KL in 13 drought prone areas under National Adaptation Fund for Climate Change (NAFCC).
2. Construction of 72,900 water harvesting structures for rainwater recharge of 4374 ponds
3. Work for revival of 7 hilltop lakes have been under taken out of which 4 have been completed and 3 are under process

XVII. Demarcation of Floodplain and removal of illegal encroachments:

There are no flood plains in the state of Sikkim.

XVIII. Maintaining minimum e-flow of river:

E-Flow meters have been installed in the following Hydro Electric Projects (HEPs) of the four river stretches:

a) Maney Khola (Adampool to Burtuk Stretch) – NO HEPS in this stretch

b) Rangit River (NHPC dam site to Triveni) : 96 MW Jorethang Loop HEP, South Sikkim & 97MW Tashiding HEP, West Sikkim

c) Rani Chu (Namli to Singtam): 510 MW Teesta Stage V, Balutar, East Sikkim & 115MW Madhya Bharat Power Corp. Ltd., Nimtar, East Sikkim.

d) Teesta (Melli to Chungthang): 99MW Chujachen HEP (2 nos), East Sikkim, 1200 MW Teesta Stage II HEP, 96MW Dikchu, HEP North Sikkim

XIX. Plantation activities along the rivers:

The Environment & Soil Conservation Division, Forest & Environment Department has submitted action plan for further conservation activities that shall take place under the guidance of River Rejuvenation Committee. Plantation along with engineering works has been proposed for rejuvenation of the four polluted river stretches.

XX. Development of biodiversity park: Matter has been apprised and information awaited from implementing department.

XXI. Reuse of Treated Water:

All industries requiring ETP are directed to maintain Zero Liquid Discharge in their premises. Treated effluent is to be utilized in cooling towers, irrigation of green belt, evaporation or flushing purposes. To ensure that no effluent is discharge all pharmaceutical units in particular have installed CCTV in drain outlets of their premises as per the directions of the SPCB-Sikkim and footage is submitted to SPCB on weekly basis.

XXII. Model River being adopted by the State & Action Proposed for achieving the bathing quality standards: Maney Khola, East Sikkim

The River Rejuvenation Committee has been notified as Nodal Agency for protection of all water bodies in the State by Govt. of Sikkim vide Ref No. 205/GOS/F&ED/SECY dated 21/01/2021. First meeting for the same was held on 28/01/2021.

XXIII. Status of Preparation of Action Plan by the 13 Coastal States: Not applicable

XXIV. Regulation of Mining Activities in the State/UT: overseen by Department of Mines & Geology. Collection of loose boulders and loose sand are being undertaken under the supervision of the Department of Forest & Environment, Government of Sikkim.

XXV. Action against identified polluters, law violators and officers responsible for failure for vigorous monitoring:

1. Grievances have not been received in the month of March,2021 in the NMCG portal.
2. Grievances related to water pollution have not been received in public grievance portal of SPCB-Sikkim for the month of March, 2021.